

# UNIT

# 1

## VOCABULARY

**A** Match a word in column A, which has a relationship with a word in column B.

**A**

1. explorer
2. Thanksgiving
3. blast
4. typhoon
5. recipe
6. dust

**B**

- a. ingredients
- b. fun
- c. particle
- d. holiday
- e. compass
- f. disaster

**B** Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the words below. There is one extra word.

chilly

excerpt

recipe

navigation

head

float

civilization

1. If the egg \_\_\_\_\_ in a glass of water, it's not fresh.
2. A line of trucks were \_\_\_\_\_ out of town.
3. The days are still warm, but the evenings are getting \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Make sure to take compasses and other instruments of \_\_\_\_\_ with you.



5. This book explores the relationship between religion and \_\_\_\_\_.
6. This article is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ from the full report prepared by the chairman of the committee.

## GRAMMAR AND WRITING

**C** Fill in the blanks with *a little, a lot of, few, a few, fewer, many or much*.

A few years ago, I moved to a new neighborhood. There seemed to be very (1) few people in this area who were without telephones, so I expected to get a new phone quickly. I applied for one as soon as I moved into my new house. "We aren't supplying (2) \_\_\_\_\_ new phones in your area," an engineer told me. "(3) \_\_\_\_\_ people want new phones at the moment and the company is employing (4) \_\_\_\_\_ engineers than last year so as to save money. A new phone won't cost you (5) \_\_\_\_\_ money, but it will take (6) \_\_\_\_\_ time. We can't do anything for you before December." You need (7) \_\_\_\_\_ patience if you're waiting for a new phone and you need (8) \_\_\_\_\_ friends whose phones you can use as well. Fortunately, I had both. December came and went, but there was no sign of a phone. I went to the company's local office to protest. "They told me I'd have a phone by December," I protested. "Which year?" the assistant asked.





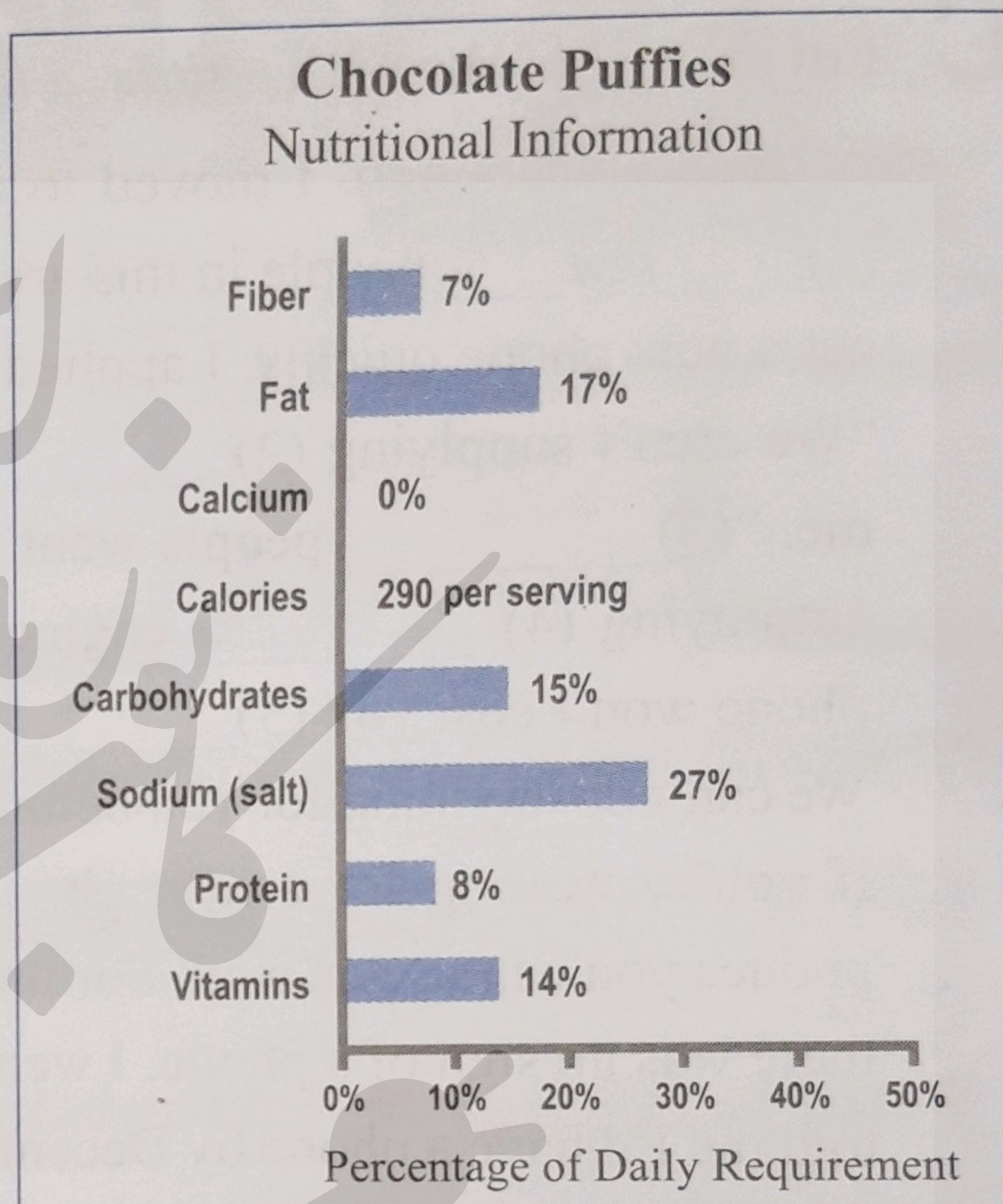
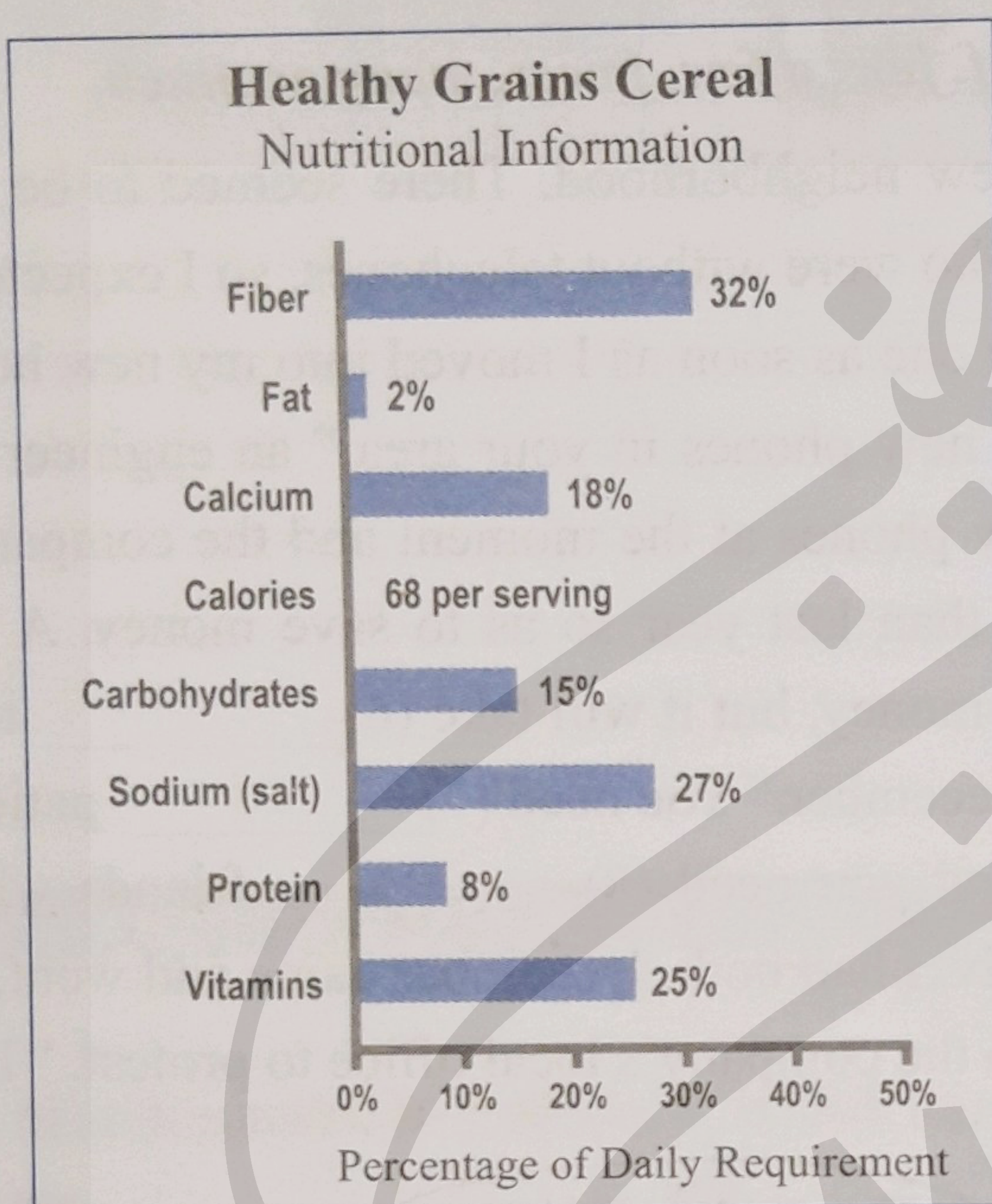


Look at the following charts. Write short conversations like the example. Use quantity expressions.

A: Does Healthy Grains have much fiber?

B: Yes, it has plenty of fiber. What about Chocolate Puffies? How much fiber does it have?

A: It has only a little.



A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_



## CAPITALIZATION NOTE

Study the following sentences:

- Was Columbus really the first explorer to discover the Americas?
- On May 25, 1969, Ra left Safi in Morocco.
- They crossed the Atlantic in 57 days.

Capital letters are used with:

1. The first word in a sentence.

The corner grocery was robbed last night.

2. Names of persons and the word *I*.

Last night, I saw a comedy starring Charles Chaplin.

3. Proper nouns e.g. countries, languages, seas, mountains, streets, etc.

Iran French the Black Sea Mount Everest Fifth Avenue

4. Names of days of the week, months, and holidays.

Monday January Christmas

5. Names that show family relationships.

Aunt Florence and Uncle Bill have bought a new house.

Grandmother and Mother are away on vacation.

**But: Do not capitalize these words when they are preceded by a possessive word such as *my*, *your*, etc.**

My aunt and my uncle have bought a new house.

His grandmother and his mother are away on vacation.

**E**

Read the following text and find the words which must be capitalized and the ones which are incorrectly capitalized.

Mount St. Helens, a Volcano in the state of Washington in the United States, erupted on may 18, 1980. Sixty-two people died due to the eruption. No one was surprised by the eruption on Mount St. Helens. Scientists had been predicting that an eruption was likely for almost two years before it happened.



- (5) In march 1980, a small eruption occurred and in April one side of the mountain started to swell and crack. The scientists issued warnings and asked people to clear the area. On may 18, the Mountain exploded. Hot gases burst out, followed by hot ash, which ran down the mountain slopes burning everything in its path. Two cubic kilometers of earth was thrown 60,000 feet straight up into the atmosphere. Cities and towns were covered with powder. The ash from the volcano was found as far away as the Atlantic ocean, on the other side of the continent.

(10) The top of the mountain was blown away and about 600 square Kilometers (230 miles) of land was destroyed, killing both animals and plants. Many thought it would take decades for the land to recover, but the return of life was remarkable. Today the slopes and valleys of Mount St. Helens once again have abundant wildlife.

## MULTIPLE-CHOICE REVIEW

### VOCABULARY

Read the following sentences and choose the best answer.

1. A simple question often asked by geography teachers is concerned with the number of \_\_\_\_\_ in the world.  
a. entries                      b. particles                      c. recipes                      d. continents
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ from England to India used to take six months.  
a. blast                      b. voyage                      c. typhoon                      d. thunder
3. I've read this book so many times that it's \_\_\_\_\_ apart.  
a. making                      b. taking                      c. falling                      d. pushing
4. We sat by the \_\_\_\_\_ fire listening to the rain outside.  
a. roaring                      b. deserted                      c. tropical                      d. portable
5. The roof of the cottage was made of dried \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. axes                      b. raisins                      c. reeds                      d. fireworks

### GRAMMAR

Read the following sentences and choose the best answer.

6. I think that \_\_\_\_\_ lemon juice on fish makes it taste better.  
a. little                      b. a little                      c. a few                      d. few







# UNIT

# 2

## VOCABULARY

A

Fill in the blanks with the name of each item.



1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_



**B** Match a word in column A with a word in column B to make meaningful phrases.

**A**

1. mashed
2. garlic
3. roast
4. almond
5. beaten
6. pork

**B**

- a. beef
- b. eggs
- c. sauce
- d. chops
- e. potatoes
- f. cake

## GRAMMAR AND WRITING

**C** Read the conversations in the chart. Check (✓) *OK* if the response is logical or *NOT OK* if the response is not.

	OK	NOT OK
1. A: I think the book is better than the movie. B: I agree. The movie is not as boring.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. A: These people have less money than we do. B: Yes. They're a lot wealthier.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. A: The weather is getting warmer and warmer. B: I think you're right. This winter is not as cold as winters in the past.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. A: That car gets a lot more miles per gallon than the old one. B: You're right. It's a lot less economical.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. A: This test was less difficult than the other tests. B: Yeah. It's the easiest test we've had.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. A: Why don't you do it? You have more time than me. B: That's not true! I'm just as busy as you are!	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. A: I don't think that table is big enough for ten people. B: You're right. Let's look for a smaller one.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. A: There are fewer French classes than Spanish classes. B: Yes. At this school, French is less popular.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



**D** There are many common descriptive phrases with *as...as* in English. For example one of these phrases is *as free as a bird*. This phrase is used to express the idea that someone is or feels very free.

Match the adjectives in column A with the nouns in column B.

**A**

1. strong
2. old
3. cold
4. gentle
5. quiet
6. tough
7. hungry
8. light

**B**

- a. lamb
- b. feather
- c. mouse
- d. ice
- e. ox
- f. nails
- g. bear
- h. hills



as strong as an ox

Now complete the following sentences with one of the above descriptive phrases.

1. Can we turn up the heat? It's freezing in here. My hands \_\_\_\_\_.
2. I haven't had anything to eat all day. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Wow! I can lift this bicycle with one hand. \_\_\_\_\_.
4. No one heard me come in. I didn't make any noise. \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Our dog is 16 or 17 years old. \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Don't be afraid of the dog. He's big and he looks mean, but he wouldn't hurt anyone. \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Don't try to move that big TV by yourself. It's really heavy. Ask Mike to help you. \_\_\_\_\_.
8. That old, retired army officer still insists on ordering everyone around. \_\_\_\_\_.



### COMMA (Part 1)

Study the following sentences:

- The new dining room looks bigger, brighter, and prettier than the old one.
- Good choices are the roast chicken with mashed potatoes, the lobster, and the homemade spaghetti.

Some important uses of commas are as follows:

1. To separate items in a series.  
He sells watches, necklaces, and earrings.
2. To separate adjectives that modify the same noun unless they are joined by *and*.  
It was a short, easy exam.  
The exam was short and easy.

**But: Do not use a comma to separate adjectives that *do not* modify the same noun.**

I built a red brick wall.

In this example, it is wrong to use a comma because *red* modifies not just *wall* but the phrase *brick wall*.

3. To separate any word, phrase, or clause that interrupts the flow of the sentence.  
My excuse, wild as it was, didn't sound convincing.  
This, as the professor argued, is not a good textbook for this course.
4. To separate any word, phrase, or clause that is an unnecessary part of the sentence.  
My brother, a student at Ohio State University, is visiting me tonight.
5. To separate nouns used as direct address.  
Sam, please tell the truth.  
Please tell the truth, Sam.
6. To separate the numbers in a date.  
June 6, 2005, is a day I will never forget.

**But: Do not use commas if the day of the month is not specified, or if the day is given before the month.**

June 2005 was my favorite time.

One day I will never forget is 6 June 2005.



**E** In the following sentences, add commas where necessary.

1. Tom do you know where I can buy groceries in town?
2. The old kitchen cabinets were littered with dead insects crumbs and dust balls.
3. The exercise instructor told us to inhale exhale and relax.
4. He arrived in Tribbey Oklahoma on February 21 1934.
5. The crazy-looking car was painted pink black and green.
6. Astronomy as nothing else can do teaches men humility.
7. Would you mind George if we borrowed your picnic cooler this weekend?
8. Bach and Handel both born in 1685 were the two greatest baroque composers.
9. Cats and dogs like most animals love the taste of salt and will lick humans' hands to get it.
10. The police officer's dark blue eyes relaxed manner and pleasant smile made him easy to talk to.

## **MULTIPLE-CHOICE REVIEW**

### **VOCABULARY**

Read the following sentences and choose the best answer.

1. A \_\_\_\_\_ is an ocean animal with two shells that fit together.  
a. shark                      b. lobster                      c. shrimp                      d. scallop
2. Betty ordered onion soup and \_\_\_\_\_ chicken for dinner.  
a. roast                      b. mashed                      c. baked                      d. dried
3. We're spending a larger \_\_\_\_\_ of our income on entertainment.  
a. excerpt                      b. statistic                      c. portion                      d. origin
4. Human nature, in all its \_\_\_\_\_ forms, is a complex phenomenon to study.  
a. practical                      b. annual                      c. varied                      d. popular
5. Pork is the meat taken from \_\_\_\_\_ eaten as food especially when it is fresh.  
a. horses                      b. pigs                      c. deer                      d. sheep



## GRAMMAR

Read the following sentences and choose the best answer.

6. "My grades are getting better and \_\_\_\_\_."  
"That's because you've been studying hard recently."  
a. best                      b. the best                      c. the better                      d. better
7. There are \_\_\_\_\_ fish in the sea as ever came out of it.  
a. as good                      b. better                      c. best                      d. so good
8. The \_\_\_\_\_ the children are, the more their parents expect from them.  
a. oldest                      b. older                      c. elder                      d. eldest
9. Dr. Jones is certainly among the smartest men that I \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. ever meet                      b. have ever met                      c. would ever meet                      d. had ever met
10. If Jimmy's throat gets much \_\_\_\_\_, I'll take him to the doctor's.  
a. bad                      b. more badly                      c. worse                      d. the worst

Read the following sentences and identify the incorrect part.

11. There are not as much violin makers today as there were in the past.  
(a) (b) (c) (d)
12. Certain types of snakes have been known to survive for more as a year long.  
(a) (b) (c) (d)
13. The damage caused by the hurricane was the worst than had ever occurred in that state.  
(a) (b) (c) (d)
14. Most evergreens have needle-like leaves that require least water than regular leaves.  
(a) (b) (c) (d)
15. The more advances and improvements are made in technology, the more convenient than the banking transactions become.  
(a) (b) (c) (d)